

Sweet corn



Description

Belonging to the Poaceae family, sweet corn is grown for its kernels and is widely used in many recipes for its high starch content.

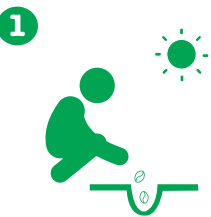
Despite its imposing size, which can reach up to 2m, corn does not spread itself too thinly.

Watering

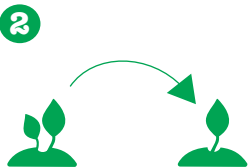


Regular watering is necessary to help the corn go to seed.

Sowing



1 Sow in a small hole about 5 cm deep. Place 3-4 seeds, spacing them well apart. Cover with potting soil. Water in fine rain.



2 As soon as 4-5 leaves appear, keep only the most vigorous plants.

Maintenance

Mulch to keep fruit fresh and protect it from contact with the ground.

Weeding regularly to limit weeds.

Harvest



Harvesting takes place 3 to 4 months after sowing, as and when required.

Sweet corn is best eaten when ripe, with tender kernels. Separate the cobs from the main stalk by cutting cleanly with pruning shears. Remove the surrounding green husk. Enjoy!

Tips

A number of plants can be combined with sweet corn to protect it from pests and ensure their growth: beans, squash and flowers such as marigolds and geraniums.

Companion plants ✓



To avoid ✗

