

# Bean

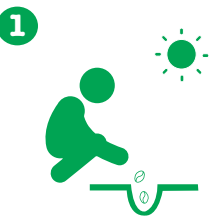


## Description

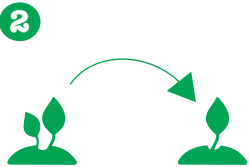
Beans are an essential vegetable for the vegetable garden! Easy to grow but also very productive, yields are very generous and much appreciated by our amateur gardeners.

There are a number of varieties, such as dwarf beans, string beans and kilometer beans. The latter two are highly recognizable, with impressive heights that can reach several meters!

## Sowing



1 Sow in a small hole about 30 cm deep. Place 3-4 seeds, spacing them well apart. Cover with potting soil. Water in fine rain.



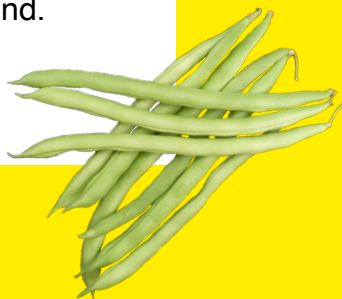
2 As soon as 4-5 leaves appear, keep only the most vigorous plants.

## Maintenance

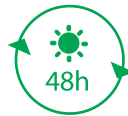
For pole beans, a suitable support can be installed to facilitate crop development.

Weeding regularly to limit weeds.

Mulch to keep fruit fresh and protect it from contact with the ground.



## Watering



Regular watering is necessary; beans like to be watered 1 or 2 times a week.



In very dry periods, extra watering may be required. But beans tolerate heat particularly well.

## Harvest



Harvesting takes place 2 to 3 months after sowing, as and when required.

## Tips

A number of plants can be combined with beans to protect them from pests and ensure their growth: celery, potatoes, cucumbers, lettuce, radishes and corn, which can be used as stakes.

Companion plants 



To avoid 

