

Carrot



Description

The carrot is a member of the Apiaceae family, like fennel, celery...

With over 400 varieties to choose from, this root vegetable is a classic in our vegetable garden.

Raw or cooked, carrots have many benefits, including vitamins and carotenes, as well as fiber and miner.

Watering



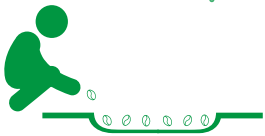
Water regularly to keep the soil moist.

Sowing

1



Sow in rows: dig furrows 1 to 2 cm deep, 25 cm apart. Place seeds and cover with soil. Water in fine rain.



2



As soon as 4-5 leaves appear, keep only the most vigorous plants.

Harvest



Harvesting takes place 3 to 4 months after sowing, as and when required.

Remove all carrots and foliage. They should then be dried in the sun, without being washed.

Maintenance

Weeding and hoe regularly to limit weeds and the arrival of certain pests.

If the presence of snails or slugs is too great, a net can be installed.

Mulching will reduce the frequency of watering.

Tips

A number of plants can be combined with carrots to protect them from pests and ensure their growth: aromatics such as coriander and chives, as well as onions, radishes, leeks and flowers such as marigolds and nasturtiums.

Companion plants ✓

To avoid ✗

